TEMPLE UNIVERSITY ENGINEERS WITHOUT BORDERS, NUEVA JERUSALEN PROJECT

TEMPLE UNIVERSITY ENGINEERS WITHOUT BORDERS MISSION

We aim to build a better world through engineering projects that empower communities to meet their basic human needs.





Our Chapter's Approach



01 Local Outreach

Work with community gardens and local nonprofits in the Greater Philadelphia region to help enhance the support they provide to the local community.

issues.

Cultivate a fun and inclusive community where students can gain hands on experience and work with professional engineers to solve real world problems.

02 International Collaboration

Collaborate with international communities to develop optimal solutions to their most pressing

03 Empower Next Generation of Engineers







Nueva Jerusalen Community

Indigenous Kichwan community of 300, **located in Napo, Ecuador**

• Lack access to reliable sanitation facilities • Mostly subsistence farmers • Health concerns amongst infants and seniors • Severe coliform and heavy metal contamination



Nueva Jerusalen Sanitation Project

OBJECTIVE Reduce water contamination and improve the community's public health by constructing reliable latrines and handwash stations.

None 62.3%



Sanitation Project Timeline



Assessment (05.25.23 - 05.31.23)

Built relationships with community members and local NGO, surveyed the households, and tested water and soil samples



Pilot Implementation (05.23.24 - 06.03.24)

Will construct 8 pilot prototypes, to then monitor the community response and system effectiveness



Full Implementation (05.25 - 06.25)

After improvements to the pilot system design, will install concrete latrine systems in all 52 households



Monitoring (05.26 - 06.26)

Performing repairs and maintenance while collecting data for environmental analysis and system evaluation

Water Quality Within the Community



Severe bacterial contamination in creek and pipeline water sources, in addition to high phosphate levels. Majority of the community consumes pipeline water and a few consume water from the creek.



Always, 8

Sometimes, 6



Lessons Learned

Data Collection

• Demographic data can be challenging to collect and the community did not have any historical data

Operations and Management Training

• Community members do not currently have the technical knowledge to operate the proposed latrine systems

Communication

• Being a Spanish-speaking community, we require translators to communicate with the community efficiently



Pilot Implementation Systems



Biodigester Latrine

- Operates on the user-end as a simple latrine
 - Plumbing connects a toilet bowl to a waste-collection tank
- The waste-collection tank contains limestone
 - works to break down the waste
 - introduces and sustains waste-consuming microbes
- Waste should be pumped out once every 3-5 years

Compost Latrine

- Waste is collected and added to a separate compost pile
- User must throw a small amount of damp organic cover material over the excrement
- Takes 12 after wh



- Takes 12 months to fully compost the waste,
- after which the compost can be used as fertilizer

Cost of Pilot Implementation



Compost Latrine

Biodigester Latrine

\$784

\$ 1,082

Handwash Station

\$98

	Quantity	Total
Compost	4	\$ 3,136
Biodigester	4	\$ 4,328
Sink	8	\$ 784
	TOTAL	\$ 8,248



Thank you all for your time!



Contact Us

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